

CARR-1225

1924

Clark Circle Cottage #1

Public

Springfield Hospital Center

Sykesville

Clark Circle Cottage #1 lies northeast of the Service Building. The T shaped building is constructed of flemish bond brick and rises two stories tall. Slate tiles cover the hipped roof.

Maryland Historical Trust

State Historic Sites Inventory Form

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Clark Circle Cottage #1

and/or common

2. Location

Springfield Hospital Center

street & number

____ not for publication

city, town Sykesville

____ vicinity of

congressional district 6

state Maryland

county Carroll

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
<u> </u> district	<u> </u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> public	<u> </u> occupied	<u> </u> agriculture
<u> </u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<u> </u> private	<u> </u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<u> </u> commercial
<u> </u> structure	<u> </u> both	<u> </u> work in progress	<u> </u> educational
<u> </u> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<u> </u> entertainment
<u> </u> object	<u> </u> in process	<u> </u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<u> </u> government
	<u> </u> being considered	<u> </u> yes: unrestricted	<u> </u> industrial
	<u> </u> not applicable	<u> </u> no	<u> </u> military
			<u> </u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: Hospital

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

street & number 201 West Preston Street

telephone no.: 301-225-6816

city, town Baltimore

state and zip code Maryland 21201

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Carroll County Courthouse Annex, Rm G-8

liber

street & number 55 North Court Street

folio

city, town Westminster

state Maryland 21157

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date

____ federal ____ state ____ county ____ local

depository for survey records

city, town

state

7. Description

Survey No. CARR-1225

Condition		Check one	Check one	
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site	
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved	date of move _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed			

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Clark Circle Cottage #1 is located northeast of the Dining Hall and Kitchen. Rising two stories high, Cottage #1 is a flemish bond brick building that displays elements of the Georgian Revival style of architecture. Cottage #1 and Cottage #2 were constructed at the same time and share very similar features. A hipped roof covers the building. Measuring nine bays long and three bays deep, Cottage #1 exhibits a projection on the north wall which is two bays deep and three bays wide. This projection gives the building a T shaped layout.

The first floor windows appear above a brick patch where, at one time, a stone panel existed. Brick jack arch lintels, wood sills and 9/6 double-hung sash characterize the windows. A brick string course runs horizontally across the facade. The second floor windows change to a 6/3 sash. Cement quoins line the corners of the building. A wooden cornice completes the facade.

The south facade shows a one story portico supported by two fluted Doric columns and two pilasters. The portico displays a flat roof, dentil cornice, and a decorative frieze. The portico shadows the main entrance. The door is embellished by sidelights and an elliptical fanlight. The door has a decorative surround which encloses the sidelights door and fanlight with a string of rosettes in an elliptical arch capped by a wooden keystone.

The east and west walls repeat the established pattern from the goins to the fenestration. In addition, these walls have fire escapes from the second floor.

The north wall exhibits the two bay by three bay block projection. Several rounded arch dormers with Gothic sashes appear on the hipped roof. Flanking the projection of the building, there are two, one story additions which measure four bays long and three bays deep. The windows repeat the 9/6 double-hung sash. The additions show plain cornices and flat roofs.

8. Significance

Survey No. CARR-1225

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates 1924 **Builder/Architect** Henry Powell Hopkins, Northeastern

check: Applicable Criteria: ☒ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D Construction Company
and/or

Applicable Exception: ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G

Level of Significance: ☐ national ☒ state ☐ local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Built to house epileptic males, Clark Circle Cottage #1 was one of two dormitories constructed in the original buildings in the Clark Circle. While the original Springfield Hospital design called for an epileptic colony, the construction of the Martin Gross and the Warfield groups took precedence. Fulfillment of the plan to build an epileptic colony did not occur until the erection of Clark Circle in 1924. The design of the colony perpetuates the original intent of the hospital arrangement which developed exclusively along the philosophy of the colony plan of hospital design. Clark Circle Cottage #1 is significant as a contributing component of the intact design.

Maryland architect Henry Powell Hopkins received his first Springfield commission when he designed Clark Circle. Cottage #2 exhibits classical features but the arrangement of construction features: brick, cement, and wood is not as prevalent in the later designs of the architect. These buildings show a little more individualism in their features as opposed to Hopkin's later designs which relied heavily on strict interpretations of the Georgian Revival style.

The epileptic colony was named after Dr. J. Clement Clark who faithfully presided over the hospital as superintendent for over twenty-five years. The doctor actively pursued the construction of the Clark Circle group.

Survey No. CARR-1225

Acreage of nominated property _____

Quadrangle name _____

Quadrangle scale _____

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

Figure 1 displays a 4x3 grid of plots. The rows are labeled B, D, F, and H on the left. The columns are labeled Zone, Easting, and Northing at the top. Each plot shows a horizontal axis with tick marks and a vertical axis with tick marks. The plots contain various patterns of vertical lines and shaded regions, representing different spatial distributions or data sets.

Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
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state	code	county	code
-------	------	--------	------

name/title Lauren L. Bowlin

organization Office of Planning, DHMH **date** 6/86

street & number 201 West Preston Street telephone 301-225-6816

city or town Baltimore state Maryland 21201

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438



SOUTH

CARR-1225

Clark Circle Cottage #1

Springfield Hospital Center

Sykesville, Maryland

Don Jewell, 6/86

Negatives at MHT

South



NORTH AND EAST

CARR-1225

Clark Circle Cottage #1

Springfield Hospital Center

Sykesville, Maryland

Don Jewell, 6/86

Negatives at MHT

North and East